

Website - Accessibility Guidelines

Sl.no	GUIDELINE
1	All non-text content (like images) has a text alternative that provides equivalent information as the image itself.
2	Scanned Images of text have not been used.
3	The visual presentation of text and images of text has a contrast ratio of at least 4.5:1 between the foreground and background. Large scale text and images of text have a contrast ratio of 3:1.
4	Text can be resized without assistive technology up to 200 percent without loss of content or functionality.
5	There is a mechanism to pause, stop or hide scrolling, blinking or auto updating content that starts automatically and lasts for more than 5 seconds.
6	Web pages do not contain any content that flashes for more than three times in a second.
7	Instructions provided for understanding and operating content do not rely solely on sensory characteristics such as shape, size, visual location, orientation, or sound.
8	Color is not used as the only visual means of conveying information, indicating an action, prompting a response, or distinguishing a visual element.
9	Captions or transcript are provided for all prerecorded and live audio and video content.
10	For any audio on a Web page that plays automatically for more than 3 seconds, a mechanism is available to pause, stop or control the volume of the audio independently by from system volume level.
11	Information, structure, and relationships that are conveyed visually on a web page must also be programmatically determined or are available in text.
12	When the sequence in which content is presented affects its meaning, a correct reading sequence can be programmatically determined.
13	All functionality that is available on the web page is operable through keyboard.
14	Complete web page is navigable using keyboard only (using tab or arrow keys).
15	Current navigation location (Keyboard focus indicator) is visible on the webpage while operating or navigating the page through a keyboard.
16	Web pages allow the user to bypass blocks of content like navigation menus that are repeated on multiple pages (by using the skip to content link).
17	Any web page within the website is locatable either through "search" or a "sitemap".
18	Navigational mechanisms that are repeated across the website occur in the same relative order on each page.
19	If a webpage can be navigated sequentially and the navigation sequence affect the meaning of operation, then all components must receive focus in the same meaningful sequence (Creating a logical tab order through links, form controls,

	and objects).
20	The purpose of each link is clear.
21	Time limit for time dependent web functions is adjustable by the user.
22	Complete & self-explanatory title that describes the topic and purpose of the page has been provided.
23	Headings wherever used, correctly describe topic or purpose of content.
24	Language of the complete web page has been indicated. If there is a change in language within a webpage it also indicated.
25	Nomenclature of components that have the same functionality is uniform across the website.
26	When any component on the web page receives focus or its settings are changed it does not initiate change in context.
27	Changing the setting of any user interface components does not automatically cause a change in context.
28	If an input error is detected, the item is identified and the error is described to the user in text. Suggestions for correction if known are provided to the user.
29	Labels or instructions have been provided wherever input from the users is required.
30	For Web pages that cause legal commitments or financial transactions a mechanism is available for reviewing, confirming, and correcting information before finalizing the submission.
31	Web Page uses markup language as per specification.
32	Name and Role of all interface components can be programmatically determined.